

Sapporo Group Business Results Presentation for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

*In this document, the name abbreviations are used:

SH: Sapporo Holdings Limited SB: Sapporo Breweries Ltd. SLN: Sapporo Lion Limited.

PS: Pokka Sapporo Food & Beverage Ltd. SRE: Sapporo Real Estate Co., Ltd.

SPB: SAPPORO PREMIUM BEER YGP: Yebisu Garden Place

August 13th 2024

URL https://www.sapporoholdings.jp/en/

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- 2. Update to Medium to Long Term Management Policies
 P.4~P.6
 for Increasing Group-wide Corporate Value
- 3. Business Results
- 4. Appendix · · · P.19~P.30

Summary



Business results: Increase in sales and profit, things are progressing steadily

(billions of yen)	2023 Q2 Result	2024 Q2 Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)
Revenue	238.5	247.7	9.1	3.8%
Core operating profit (Revenue - Cost of sales - SG&A expenses)	3.5	3.5	0.0	1.1%
Operating profit	(2.8)	7.6	10.4	-
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(5.1)	6.1	11.2	-

- Revenue increased due to strong sales of beer in the Japan alcoholic beverages business
- Core operating profit is on par with last year's despite up-front investments
- Operating profit increased significantly and became black due to the sale of assets and the impact of last year's impairment loss

Major results and challenges in the first half of the fiscal year

Strong sales of beer, mainly Black Label brand



+10_%
(beer sales volume)

Black Label canned beer and Yebisu canned beer both outperformed last year due to expansion of customer contact points and acquisition of new customers.

Growth of SPB in the U.S. and APAC



Expansion of sales to American chains in the U.S. Realize growth through starting collaboration with Carlsberg in APAC

Profitability improved in the U.S.

Acceleration of SPB growth

Continue efforts to strengthen the Sapporo brand's US chain

Recovery of Stone brand

Focus on investing in core brands in order to achieve recovery

Maximize manufacturing and logistics synergies

Resolve issues related to production efficiency and operations

Status of the review for the materialization of the "Medium and Long Term Management Policy"

We are progressing with the review of the materialization of the "Medium to Long Term Management Policies for Increasing Group-wide Corporate Value," announced in February 2024. The status of these efforts is described in the following slides.

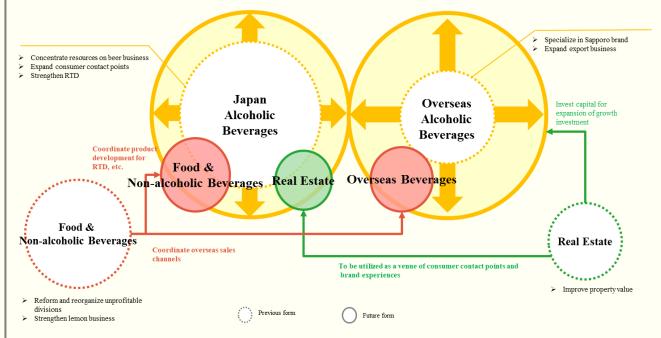
Update to Medium to Long Term Management Policies for Increasing Group-wide Corporate Value

Update to Medium to Long Term Management Policies for Increasing Group-wide Corporate Value



< Image of direction of Sapporo group's transformation>

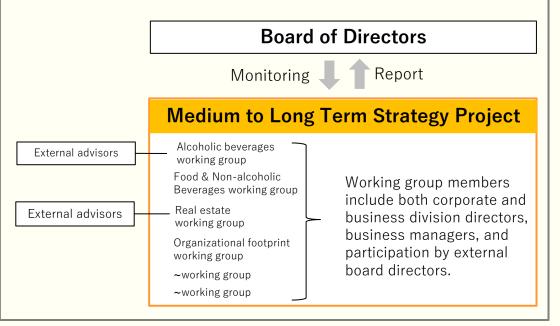
- The Company will further concentrate its management resources to focus on beer businesses with competitive advantages and businesses in which synergies with those competitive businesses can be created.
- The Company develops its market-creation capabilities in alcoholic beverages, which has been the Company's DNA since its foundation and grows our beer business.



We established a Group Strategy Committee, which includes outside experts, and discussed the management policies for increasing corporate value over the medium- and long- term (ahead of the current Medium-Term Management Plan), including that of third-party advisors, in terms of multifaceted and objective perspectives.

<Consideration structure>

- The Company has formed a number of working groups drawing from the corporate holding company and business divisions, starting with the alcoholic beverages business.
- Working group members include both corporate and business division directors, business managers, and participation by external board directors.
- In particular, emphasis is being placed on strategy review of the core alcoholic beverages business and the real estate business to maximize total company value extraction. The Company has retained expert external advisors to assist in this review.
- Progress is closely monitored, with monthly update reports to the Sapporo Holdings Board of Directors.



Update to Medium to Long Term Management Policies for Increasing Group-wide Corporate Value



<Review status>

Japan Alcoholic Beverages

- The Company aims to acquire a 25% share of the domestic beer market and realize a higher profit ratio from a long-term perspective
- Collaborating with the food & non-alcoholic beverages business, the Company will also strengthen the development of "new alcoholic beverages,", including non-alcoholic and low-alcoholic beverages under the theme of "wellbeing"
- The Company intends to rationalize the value chain by, for example, optimizing manufacturing and logistics, with initiatives recently approved and is reviewing the appropriate allocation of corporate resources.

Overseas Alcoholic Beverages

- Investment in the international business will be increased to ensure the business is a core element of the Company's portfolio, with focus on Sapporo Premium Beer "high quality," "sophisticated taste," and "uniqueness reminiscent of Japan."
- In April 2024, the Company established the International Business Department within the corporate headquarters with the objective of a dedicated, experienced, and highly skilled organization exploring investment opportunities, alliances, overseas business opportunities, while realizing fast decision making, and robust governance of process.

Real Estate

- The Company is continuing to consider ways to utilize real estate that will contribute to enhancing the group's future value, as well as the fundamental transformation of the business portfolio.
- <Example> ✓ Various options for the Sapporo Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., which owns and manages multiple properties centered around Ebisu and Sapporo, such as introducing external capital, asset sales.
 - √ Tax-qualified spin-offs, as proposed by our shareholders.
- The Company will seek concrete proposals from a wide range of potential strategic partners on ways to enhance the value of the real estate business.

 → The Company plans to begin soliciting external proposals for the real estate business by mid-September of this year.

Others

- Structural reforms in the food and beverages business (non-alcohol) while also considering the future vision of the business, including the pursuit of synergies with the alcoholic beverages business.
- · The Company is exploring the optimal organizational structure and institutional design to effectively and efficiently advance each business strategy scenario.
- The Company has also begun strengthening the management foundation by fostering a corporate culture that enables talent to be more productive and to drive transformation, utilizing experts in the process.
- ⇒ Further details and status of the Company's Medium to Long Term Management Policies review will be provided during quarterly financial and business disclosures. For important matters, the Company intends to disclose information promptly and appropriately.

Business Results



(billions of yen)	2023 Q2 Result	2024 Q2 Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)
Revenue	238.5	247.7	9.1	3.8%
Revenue (Excluding liquor tax)	184.6	193.4	8.9	4.8%
Overseas revenue	57.4	61.4	4.0	7.0%
EBITDA	13.5	14.0	0.5	3.9%
Core operating profit (Revenue - Cost of sales - SG&A expenses)	3.5	3.5	0.0	1.1%
Core operating profit margin	1.5%	1.4%	-	-
Other operating income (expense)	(6.3)	4.1	10.4	-
Operating profit	(2.8)	7.6	10.4	-
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(5.1)	6.1	11.2	-

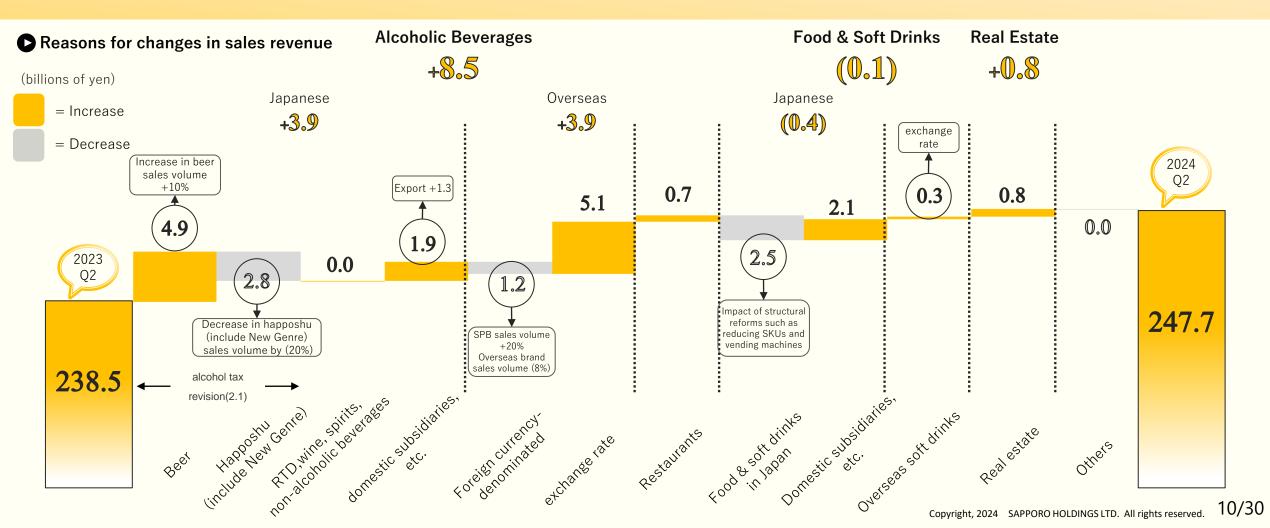


										SAPPURU
	(billions of yen)	2023 Q2 Result	2024 Q2 Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)	(billions of yen)	2023 Q2 Result	2024 Q2 Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)
Revenue	by Segment	238.5	247.7	9.1	3.8%	Core Operating Profit by Segment	3.5	3.5	0.0	1.1%
	Alcoholic Beverages	172.5	181.0	8.5	4.9%	Alcoholic Beverages	5.0	5.4	0.4	8.0%
	Japanese	121.1	125.0	3.9	3.2%	Japanese	4.5	5.2	0.7	16.5%
	Overseas	42.2	46.1	3.9	9.3%	Overseas	(0.3)	(0.7)	(0.4)	-
	Restaurants	9.2	9.8	0.7	7.1%	Restaurants	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.5%
	Food & Soft Drinks	55.4	55.3	(0.1)	(0.2%)	Food & Soft Drinks	0.5	0.2	(0.3)	(55.2%)
	Japanese	42.4	42.0	(0.4)	(0.9%)	Japanese	(0.2)	(0.1)	0.1	-
	Overseas	13.0	13.3	0.3	2.1%	Overseas	0.7	0.3	(0.3)	(49.5%)
	Real Estate	10.6	11.3	0.8	7.2%	Real Estate	1.9	2.4	0.5	25.6%
	Other	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	(4.3%)	Other · General corporate and intercompany eliminations	(3.9)	(4.5)	(0.6)	-



Revenue increased for all of our businesses, excluding the Japan Food & Soft Drinks business where structural reforms are being implemented.

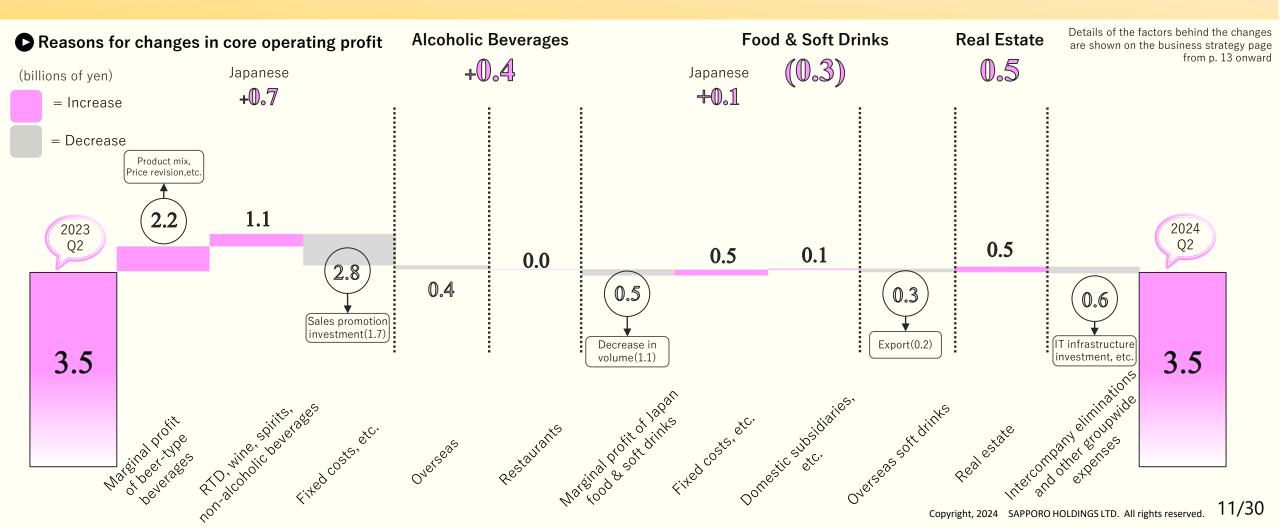
Driver of revenue growth is the strong performance of beer in Japanese alcoholic beverages business





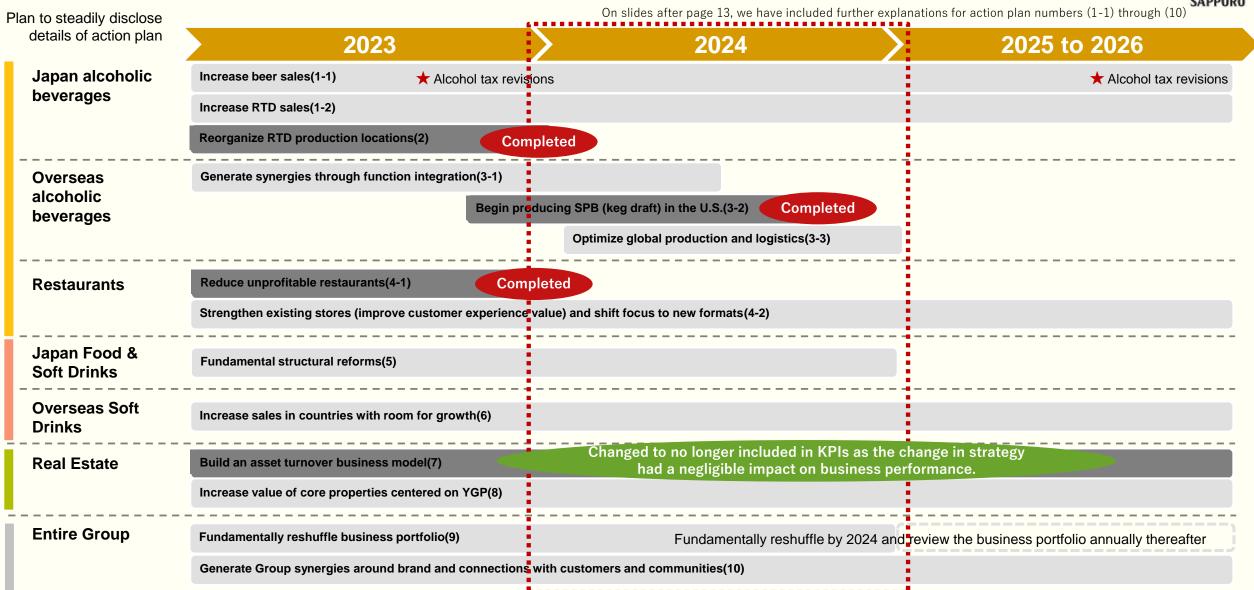
Maintained core operating profit on par with last year's, supported by higher sales despite up-front investments

Improvement in the marginal profit of beer-type beverages due to the strong performance of beer sales has contributed to profit



Business Strategies: Action Plan





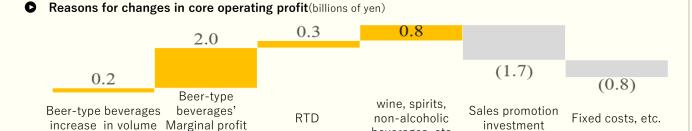
Business Strategies: Alcoholic Beverages



Japanese

Revenue: 125.0 billions of yen (YoY+3.9 billions of yen, +3.2%)

Core operating profit : 5.2 billions of yen (YoY+0.7) billions of yen +16.5%



Profit increased due to strong sales of beer, mainly Black Label cans, with effect of improved marginal profit despite expansion of promotional investment in beer

● Increase beer sales (1-1): Strong sales of Black Label continue, steadily outperforming market



share of beer sales 76% (estimated by SH) In 2024: share of beer sales 54% In 2023: share of beer sales 49%



Increase on share of high-margin beers

vs2022 **+16%** selling price excluding alcohol tax

Improvement of the product mix /Improvement due to price revisions

Black Label canned beer and Yebisu canned beer both outperformed last year due to expansion of customer contact points and acquisition of new customers.

improvement

Canned **Black Label** YoY+19%

beverages, etc



Canned Yebisu



- **Increase RTD sales (1-2):** Koime no Lemon Sour continues to perform strongly, but the total for RTD is a slight increase and behind the target
 - Total for RTD (cans) VS2022+11% (Sales amount basis) Reference information) +2% v-o-v

The first half surpassed the previous year but remained below the total demand level Aim for recovery mainly Koime no Lemon Sour



✓ Share of in-house manufacturing 96% (much higher level of full-year target 88%)

Since RTD production line in Sendai Plant was put into operation in October 2023, inhouse production ratio has been increasing steadily.

Business Strategies: Alcoholic Beverages

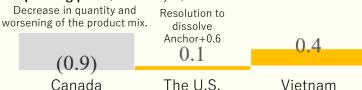


Overseas

Revenue: 46.1 billions of yen (YoY+3.9 billions of yen, +9.3%)

Core operating profit: (0.7) billions of yen (YoY(0.4)) billions of yen)

Reasons for changes in core operating profit(billions of yen)



Strong sales of Sapporo brand continue mainly in the U.S. and APAC, but softer-than-expected sales in Canada and US craft beer markets resulted in a profit decline.

Market overview



The beer market has been soft since last summer due to inflation. A shift to low-cost products is also being seen.



The craft beer market has been soft due to inflation.



The market is shrinking due to the economic downturn and tougher penalties for drunk driving

• Growth of the Sapporo brand: Continuous growth of the Sapporo brand volume in the U.S. and APAC

✓ Sapporo sales volume +20% YoY

North America +7%Other areas +40%



Initiatives in the U.S. market

Expand sales reach under the new sales structure (sales synergy)

Stores handling SPB increased 12% There is still room to increase

Initiatives in other regional markets

Vietnam: Expand width and depth of customer segment through the SPB brand renewal APAC: Expand market mainly in the countries that have alliances with Carlsberg alliances

(three target countries, increased by about 2.9 times of last year) *Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia

○ Status of synergies with Stone (3-1~3)

Status of Stone brand

Challenges continue amid an unexpectedly greater downward trend in the craft beer market

Status of manufacturing and logistics synergies

There is a slight delay in the production transfer schedule, and there are issues with production efficiency and operations



<u>Improving profitability in the U.S. is a crucial challenge: implement the following to make improvements</u>

Accelerate SPB growth: strengthening initiatives of American chains

<u>Recovery of Stone brand</u>: focus on investing in core brands in order to achieve recovery <u>Maximize manufacturing and logistics synergies</u>

: resolve issues related to production efficiency and operations

Business Strategies: Alcoholic Beverages



Restaurants

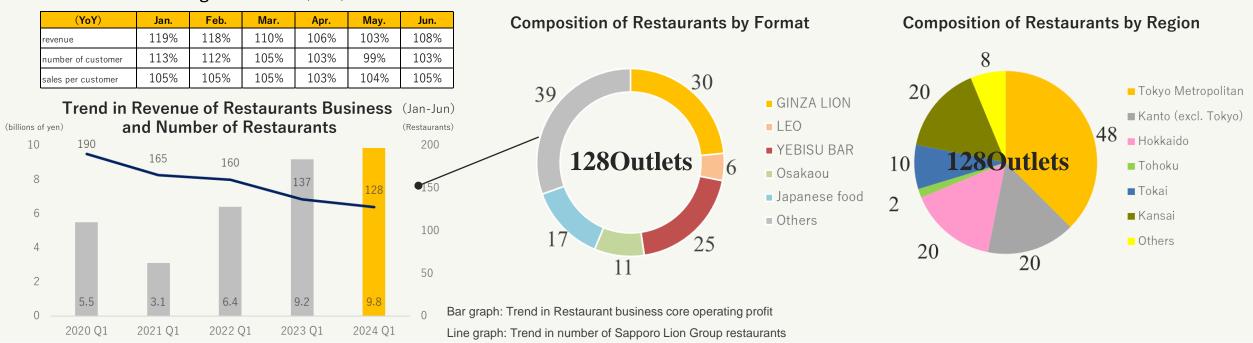
Revenue: 9.8 billions of yen (YoY+0.7 billions of yen, +7.1%)

Core operating profit : 0.8 billions of yen (YoY+0.0 billions of yen $\cdot +0.5\%$)

Number of customers and sales per customer at existing stores have been increasing at existing stores, with increases in revenue and profit progressing smoothly as expected

- **○** Strengthen existing stores (improve customer experience value) and shift focus to new formats(4-2)
 - : The number of stores remains flat, but the number of customers and average sales per customer at existing stores is increasing.

Sales results for existing SLN stores (YoY)



Business Strategies: Food & Soft Drinks



Japanese

Revenue: 42.0 billions of yen (YoY(0.4)) billions of yen, (0.9%)

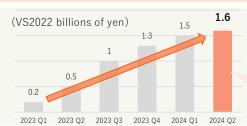
Core operating profit : (0.1) billions of yen (YoY+0.1) billions of yen

Reasons for changes in core operating profit(billions of yen)



Despite the volume decreased due to product lineup changes and the review of unprofitable vending machines, profit increased due to steady progress in structural reforms, such as improving unit selling prices in relation to selling expenses.

- Fundamental structural reforms (5)
 - ✓ Status of structural reforms
 Improvement of variable selling cost per unit
 Y-o-Y +0.4billions of yen



Cost structure reform initiatives implemented since 2023

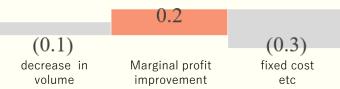
- Decrease in disposal value due to SKU reduction +300 million yen
- Reduction of unprofitable vending machine columns +700 million yen
- Variable selling cost unit price improvement +600 million yen

Overseas

Revenue: 13.3 billions of yen (YoY+0.3billions of yen, +2.1%)

Core operating profit: 0.3billions of yen (YoY(0.3)billions of yen, (49.5%))

Reasons for changes in core operating profit(billions of yen)



Performance is strong in Malaysia, which is a focus area, but profits fell due to a decline in exports.

Singapore

Sales through CVS and EC channels have been performing well but slightly fell due to the impact of inflation

✓ Singapore sales amount (1%) YoY (sales amount of local currency basis)

Malaysia

Increase of sales through strengthening of sales structure

✓ Malaysia sales amount +27% YoY (sales amount of local currency basis)

Export

Revenue fell due to the impact of the suspension of sales to some customers which occurred last year.

✓ Export sales amount (42%) YoY

(sales amount of local currency basis)

Business Strategies: Real Estate



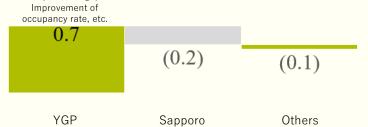
Real Estate

Revenue: 11.3 billions of yen (YoY+0.8 billions of yen, +7.2%)

Core operating profit : 2.4 billions of yen (YoY+0.5 billions of yen + 25.6%)

EBITDA: 5.4billions of yen (YoY+0.8billions of yen)

Reasons for changes in core operating profit(billions of yen)



Despite there were impacts from one-time costs associated with the opening of the Sapporo hotel, profits increased due to the improved occupancy rate at YGP.

● Initiatives to enhance property value (Ebisu area)

YGP office space occupancy rate

While the occupancy rate was down due to HVAC work*, it improved from last year and is on track to meet the target.



Yebisu Garden Place Center Plaza (Office)

The highest rank of S was received under the "CASBEE-Wellness Office" certification

This is the second S-ranking acquisition in Yebisu Garden Place, following the same ranking obtained for the office tower in August 2023.





● Initiatives to enhance property value (Sapporo area)

Sosei Cross opened on August 1st

A new office commercial building, "Sosei Cross," opened in Chuo-ku, Sapporo Leasing of all office space is completed



Action Plan KPI



W4 E	\/400							SAPPORO
*1 Forex assumption			Q2results			Full year		medium-term
%2 Local currency b	※2 Local currency basis (Singapore dollar) ———————————————————————————————————		2023 Q2	2024 Q2	2022	2023	2024 plan	plan Target
Japan alcoholic	Reinforcement of Beer / Improving Profitability of Beer-type E	 Bev.						
beverages	Increase beer sales: share of beer sales (1-1)	64%	70%	76%	68%	73%	79%	79%
	Improve profit margin: selling price excluding alcohol tax (1-1)	-	+12% (VS2022)	+16% (VS2022)	-	+9% (VS2022)	+11% (VS2022)	+11% (VS2022)
	RTD Business Growth and Production Streamlining, Etc.		+9%	+11%		+19%	+31%	+74%
	RTD growth: RTD(cans) sales amount (1-2)	-	(VS2022)	(VS2022)	-	(VS2022)	(VS2022)	(VS2022)
	Increase production efficiency: ratio of in-house production (2)	69%	62%	96%	73%	63%	88%	88%
Overseas	Stone Acquisition Synergy / SPB Growth							
alcoholic beverages	Sapporo brand volume (3-1~3)	3.23 million cases	3.49 million cases	4.19 million cases (YoY+20%)	6.61 million cases	7.16 million cases	8.09 million cases (YoY+13%)	10.0 million cases
	Cost synergy (3-1~3) % 1	-	\$1.5M	\$5M	-	\$4M 	\$11M	\$23M (VS2022)
Japan food & soft drinks	Cost Structure Reforms (5)	-	0.5billion	1.6billion (YoY 0,3 billion)	-	1.3billion	2.0billion (YoY 0,7 billion)	2.0billion (VS2022)
Overseas soft drinks	Expanding Sales and Increasing Logistics Efficiency Overseas sales amount (6)	-	+7% (VS2022)	(3%) (VS2022)	-	+2.8% (VS2022)	+7.6% (VS2022)	+30% (VS2022)
Real Estate	Increase value of YGP Rate of increase in average rental price (8)	-	-	-	-	+0.5% (VS2022)	+2.8% (VS2022)	+2.5% (VS2022)
Entire Group	Fundamentally reshuffle business portfolio (9)	-	0.4billion (VS2022)	1.7billion (VS2022)	-	1.1billion (VS2022)	-	- 18/30

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Appendix

Financial Indicator



		F	inancial Ta	rgets			
		Q2 result			Full year		medium-term plan Target
						_	n Business Plan was formulated
	2022 Q2 ————	2023 Q2	2024 Q2		2023	2024 plan	2026 Target
ROE	-	-	-	3.3%	5.0%	5.5%	8.0%
(Approximation) Core operating profit	(2.2) billion yen	3.5 billion yen	3.5 billion yen	9.3 billion yen	15.6 billion yen	19.0 billion yen	25.0 billion yen
EBITDA Average growth rate (CAGR)			33.3%			16.7%	About 10%
(Approximation) EBITDA	7.9 billion yen	13.5 billion yen	14.0 billion yen	29.9 billion yen	36.0 billion yen	40.7 billion yen	50.0 billion yen
Overseas revenue Average growth rate (CAGR)			19.3%			10.3%	About 10%
(Approximation) Overseas revenue	43.1 billion yen	57.4 billion yen	61.4 billion yen	102.2 billion yen	119.6 billion yen	124.4 billion yen	140.0 billion yen

Financial Indicator



Target for core operating profit margin							
Q2 result Full year plan T						medium-term plan Target	
Targets for 2026 have not been changed since the Medium-Term Business Plan was fo							rm Business Plan was formulated
Japan alcoholic beverages	0.1%	3.7%	4.2%	3.5%	5.3%	5.7%	5.7%
Overseas alcoholic beverages	0.7%	(0.8)%	(1.5)%	(0.4)%	(0.3)%	1.1%	6.2%
Restaurants	(13.3)%	8.8%	8.3%	(3.3)%	10.5%	8.8%	5.0% (Aim to maintain 2024 profit level)
Japan Food & Soft Drinks	(3.2)%	(0.5)%	(0.3)%	0.9%	2.3%	2.4%	3.8%
Overseas Food & Soft Drinks	5.9%	5.1%	2.5%	3.6%	(2.2)%	4.6%	5.0%
Real Estate	2.2%	1.9%	2.1%	4.9%	4.7%	4.7%	5.7%

Balance Sheets

(billions of yen)							SAFFORO
Total assets	End of 2023	2024 Q2	Change	Total liabilities and equity	End of 2023	2024 Q2	Change
Cash and cash equivalents	17.2	20.2	3.0	Trade payables	38.7	38.3	(0.4)
Trade receivables	98.0	88.3	(9.7)	Short-term financial liabilities	39.7	58.2	18.5
Inventories	47.6	51.2	3.6	Other current liabilities	112.8	102.1	(10.7)
Other current assets	13.6	11.2	(2.3)	Long-term financial liabilities	182.9	170.6	(12.4)
Fixed assets and intangible assets	152.7	163.6	10.9	Retirement benefit liability	3.4	3.3	(0.1)
Investment property	211.2	222.4	11.3	Other non-current liabilities	102.8	112.2	9.5
Goodwill	35.1	37.5	2.4	Total liabilities	480.3	484.6	4.3
Other non-current assets	88.3	94.6	6.4	Equity attributable to owners of parent	182.3	203.4	21.1
Total assets	663.6	689.0	25.5	Non-controlling interests	0.9	1.0	0.1
				Total equity	183.2	204.4	21.2
				Total liabilities and equity	663.6	689.0	25.5
				Debt-to-equity ratio (times) :Net	1.1	1.0	_
				Balance of financial liabilities	222.6	228.7	6.1

Status of Each Cash Flow



(billions of yen)	2023 Q2	2024 Q2	Change	Change (%)
CF from operating activities	24.6	11.1	(13.5)	(55.0%)
CF from investing activities	(8.9)	(10.9)	(2.0)	_
Free CF	15.6	0.2	(15.5)	_
CF from financing activities	(15.7)	0.3	16.0	

CF from operating activities +\forall 1.1 billion

Capital expenditures \forall (26.6) billion

Other investments - Asset sales +\forall 15.7 billion

Cash in ¥11.1billion

Cash out ¥(10.9)billion

\leq Investment total (1+2) > (10.9) billion

① Capital expenditure (cash basis) : ¥(26.6) billion (Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investment property)

<Major items>

- Alcoholic Beverages : ¥(9.1)billion
 Japan : ¥(5.7)billion Overseas : ¥(3.4)billion
- Food & Soft Drinks: \(\frac{4(1.6)billion}{1.6(0.7)billion}\)

 Japan: \(\frac{4}{0.8}\)billion \(\text{Overseas}: \(\frac{4}{0.7}\)\)billion
- · Real Estate: ¥(15.0)billion Yebisu square and others
- Group-wide : \pm (0.8) billion
- ② Other investments Asset sale : \$15.7 billion

(Sale of fixed assets, Stock sales, etc.)

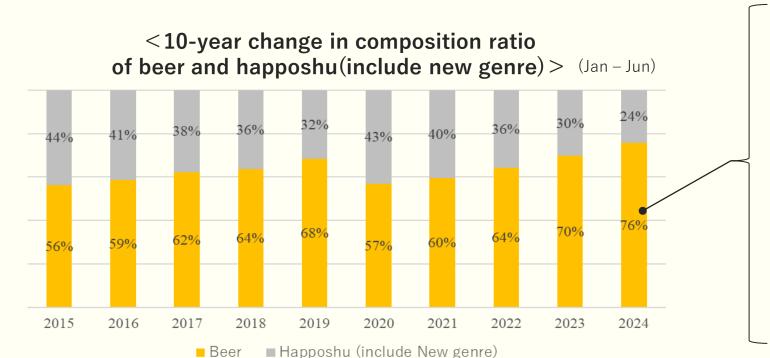
Reduced four cross-shareholdings (amount sold: 8.7 billion yen)

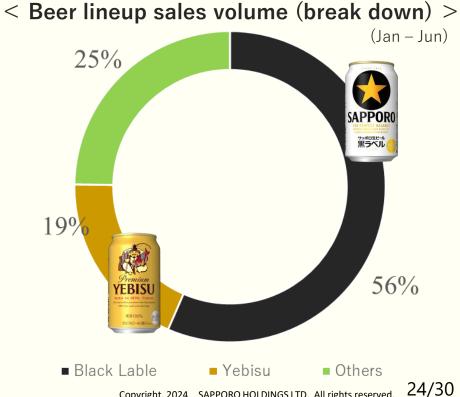


Japanese

※1::Following the agreement of the Brewers Association of Japan, there is no disclosure of the sales volume for the first guarter. (10,000 cases) The sales volume for the first half and end of the fiscal year shall be disclosed.

Sales Volume:Beer (Japan) (%1)	2023Q2	2024Q2	YoY Change(%)
①Beer (total)	1,262	1,384	9.6%
Sapporo Draft Beer Black Label (total)	689	782	13.6%
YEBISU (total)	265	259	(2.2%)
②Happoshu (include New genre)	549	441	(19.7%)
Beer-type beverages (total ①+②)	1,811	1,825	0.8%





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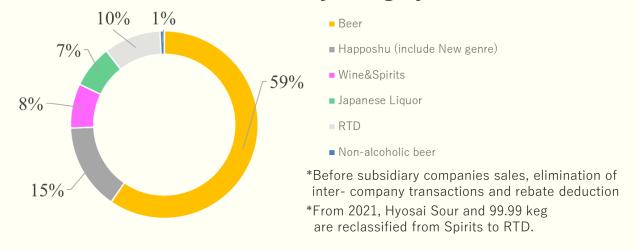


Japanese

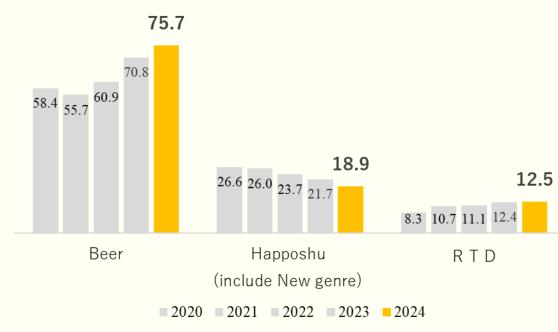
(billions of yen)

Sales:Beer (Japan)	2023Q2	2024Q2	YoY Change(%)
Beer	70.8	75.7	6.9%
Happoshu (include New genre)	21.7	18.9	(13.1%)
Beer-type beverages	92.5	94.5	2.2%
RTD	12.4	12.5	1.5%
Domestic wines	1.6	1.1	(34.7%)
Imported wines	3.0	2.8	(8.3%)
Wine (total)	4.6	3.8	(17.6%)
Spirits and Shochu (total)	14.4	15.1	5.2%
Total	123.9	126.0	1.8%

< Jan- Jun sales breakdown by category >



< Jan- Jun sales revenue > (billions of yen)

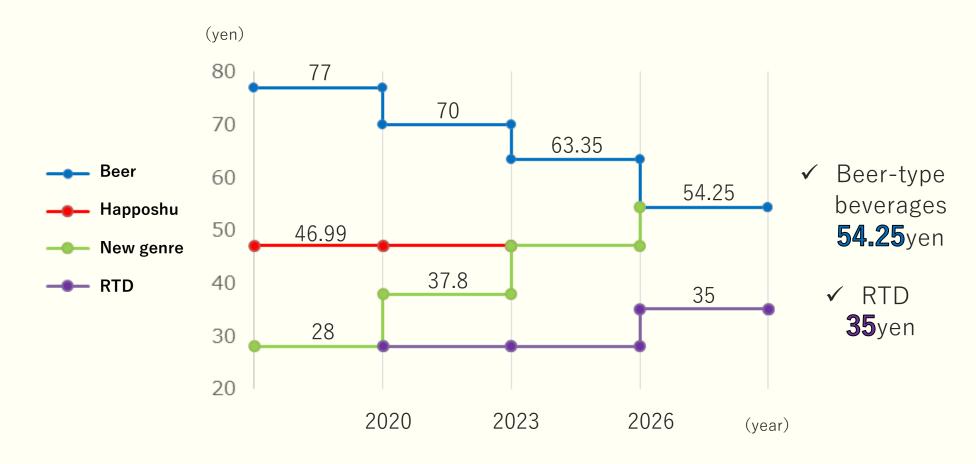






Japanese

< Changes in the amount of liquor tax per 350 ml >





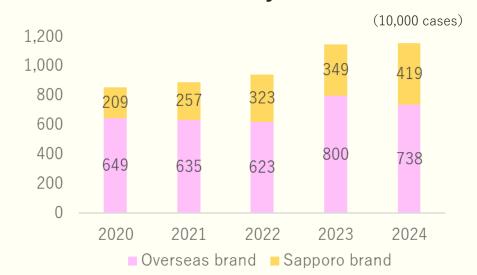
Overseas

(10,000 cases)

Sales Volume:Beer (International)	2023Q2	2024Q2	YoY Change(%)
Overseas brand (%1)	800	738	(7.7%)
Sapporo brand	211	226	7.2%
①North America	1,011	964	(4.6%)
Sapporo brand	138	193	40.0%
②Other areas	138	193	40.0%
Total (1+2)	1,148	1,157	0.8%
Sapporo brand Total	349	419	20.2%

※1: SLEEMAN, Anchor, Stone, etc.

< Overseas sales volume by brand (Jan-Jun) >



< Overseas sales volume by Area (Jan-Jun) >



Food & Soft Drinks Data



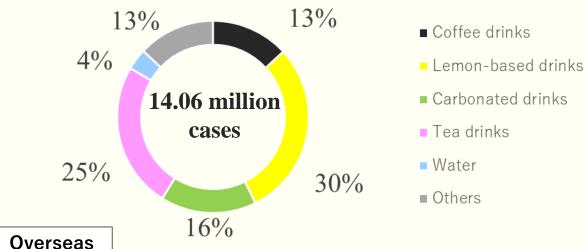
Japanese

(billions of yen)

Sales:Food & Soft Drinks (Japan) (%1)	2023Q2	2024Q2	YoY Change(%)
Soft Drinks	26.5	25.4	(4.5%)
Food (Lemon · Soups · Plant milk)	13.7	12.4	(9.4%)

*1: Only domestic sales(Before Rebate subtracted from sales)

<Japanese soft drinks Sales composition by genre (Jan- Jun)>



[Coffee drinks]

Down **16**% y-o-y (Sales volume)



[Tea drinks]

Down 5% y-o-y (Sales volume)



[Lemon based-drinks] 2

Up **6**% y-o-y (Sales volume)



[Water]

Down 7% y-o-y (Sales volume)



[Carbonated drinks]

Down **18**% y-o-y (Sales volume)



(Others)

Down **22**% y-o-y (Sales volume)

Sales:Food & Soft Drinks (Overseas) (%2)	2023Q2	2024Q2	YoY Change(%)
Singapore(millions of SGD)	76	76	(1.2%)
Malaysia(millions of SGD)	12	15	27.4%
International(millions of SGD)	30	17	(42.3%)

Real Estate Data



Real Estate

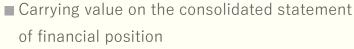
< Major rental properties & occupancy rates: (Averages for 2024 Q2)>

	Site area (㎡)	Floor area (m²)	Average Occupancy rate (%)	No. of floors
Yebisu Garden Place (1)	56,943	298,007	88	40 floors above ground, 5 below
Ginza Place	645	7,350	100	11 floors above ground, 2 below
Strata Ginza (2)	1,117	11,411	100	13 floors above ground, 1 below

^{*1:} The number of floors is for the office block only. Occupancy rates are for office areas only.

< Information about Investment property >





Fair value



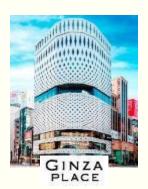


(billions of yen)

of yen)

<core operating="" profit=""></core>	2023 Q2	2024 Q2	Change
Yebisu Garden Place, etc.	1.5	2.2	0.7
Other area & other operations	0.8	0.7	(0.1)
Hokkaido	0.2	0	(0.2)
Equity investment, etc	(0.5)	(0.5)	0
Total	1.9	2.4	0.5

<ebitda></ebitda>	2023 Q2	2024 Q2	Change
Yebisu Garden Place, etc.	3.3	4.2	0.9
Other area & other operations	1.0	1.1	0
Hokkaido	0.5	0.3	(0.2)
Equity investment, etc	(0.2)	(0.1)	0.1
Total	4.6	5.4	0.8



(billions of yen)

^{*2:} Figures are for entire property. Sapporo owns 922m² of the site (sectional ownership) and 89.72% of the building (joint management)

As an intrinsic part of people's lives, Sapporo will contribute to the evolution of creative, enriching and rewarding lifestyles.



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