

# Sapporo Group Business Results Presentation for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

\*In this document, the following company name abbreviations are used: SH: Sapporo Holdings Limited SB: Sapporo Breweries Ltd. SLN: Sapporo Lion Limited. PS: Pokka Sapporo Food & Beverage Ltd. SRE: Sapporo Real Estate Co., Ltd. May 7<sup>th</sup> 2021 URL https://www.sapporoholdings.jp/en/

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# **Business Results**

# **Review of Three Months Ended March 31, 2021: Result**

Beer continued to see strong sales of core brands.
New product Koime no Lemon Sour became a hit, greatly boosting RTD sales.
Lemon-based products and plant-based milk products maintain solid performance.

Black Label brand canned product sales volume



Up **16% YoY** 

Japanese liquor sales





YEBISU brand canned product sales volume



Lemon-based products sales volume



Up **7% Yo**Y

RTD sales volume



Up **50**% YoY

Plant milk sales





### **Review of Three Months Ended March 31, 2021: Issues**

 Sales of commercial-use beer, sales at restaurants, and sales of soft drinks for vending machines declined substantially due to COVID-19.
In new genre beer sector, GOLD STAR sales grew, but Mugi to Hop sales struggled.



Sapporo Lion sales



Down **60**% YoY

New genre sales volume



Down 11% YoY

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(billions of yen)	2020 1Q Result	2021 1Q Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)
Revenue	99.8	89.9	(9.9)	(9.9%)
Revenue (Excluding liquor tax)	77.1	68.5	(8.6)	(11.2%)
Overseas revenue	15.2	14.3	(1.0)	(6.3%)
EBITDA	(0.1)	(1.7)	(1.6)	—
Core operating profit	(6.2)	(6.9)	(0.7)	—
Core operating profit margin	(6.2%)	(7.6%)	-	—
Operating profit	(6.1)	(6.2)	(0.1)	—
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(4.6)	(5.2)	(0.6)	_
D/E ratio (times) %Net	1.4	1.6	0.2	_

The balance of debt excludes the balance of lease obligations.

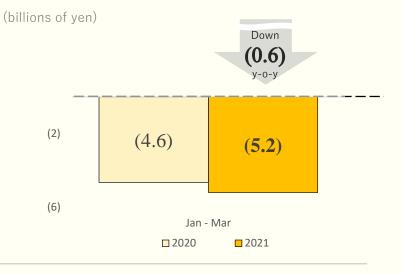


#### Overall revenue and profits for 1Q declined due to the impacts of COVID-19 from the start C of the year.





#### Profit attributable to owners of parent



- Alcoholic Beverages: Canned beer and RTD  $\geq$ products posted sales growth, but overall sales were down because of lower sales volume of new-genre beers as well as a lagging recovery in commercialuse beer sales and in the restaurant industry.
- Food & Soft Drinks: Sales of lemon-based food and plant-based milk products were steady, but overall sales declined due to weakness in beverages for vending machines and in the restaurant sector.
- The effects of cost structure reforms and cost control efforts currently underway failed to cover the overall impacts from the drop in sales, resulting in decreased profit.



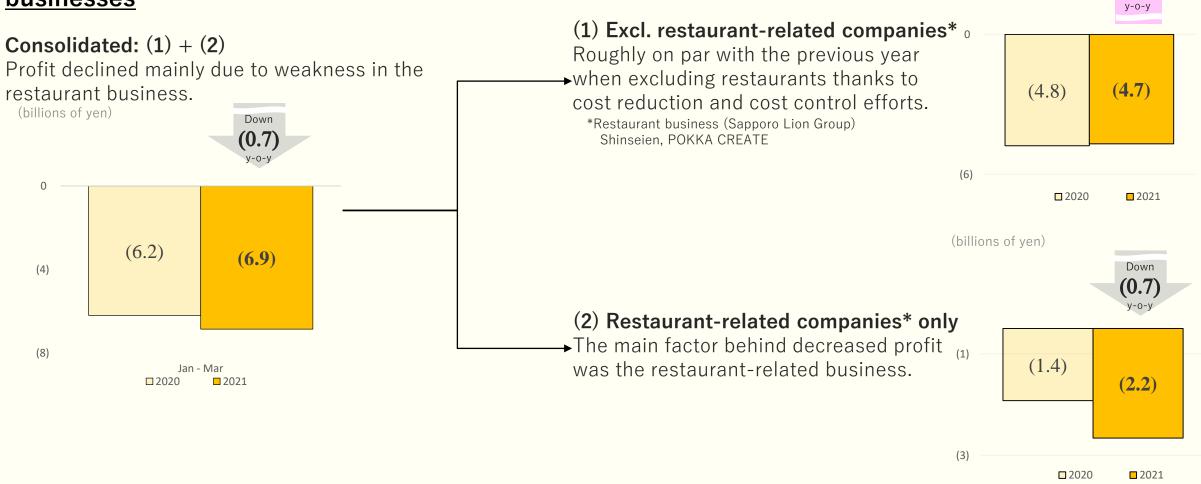
Up

(0.1)

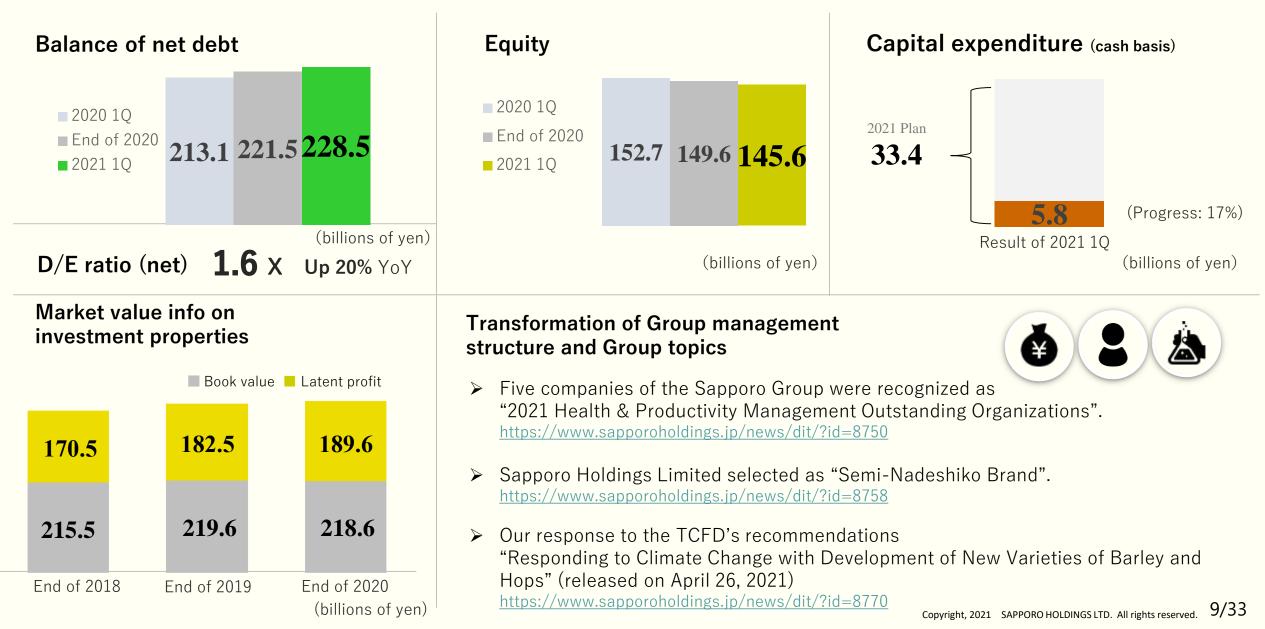
(billions of yen)

• Despite a drop in overall profit, core operating profit excluding the restaurant business was roughly on par with the previous year.

Breakdown showing core operating profit for restaurants and other businesses







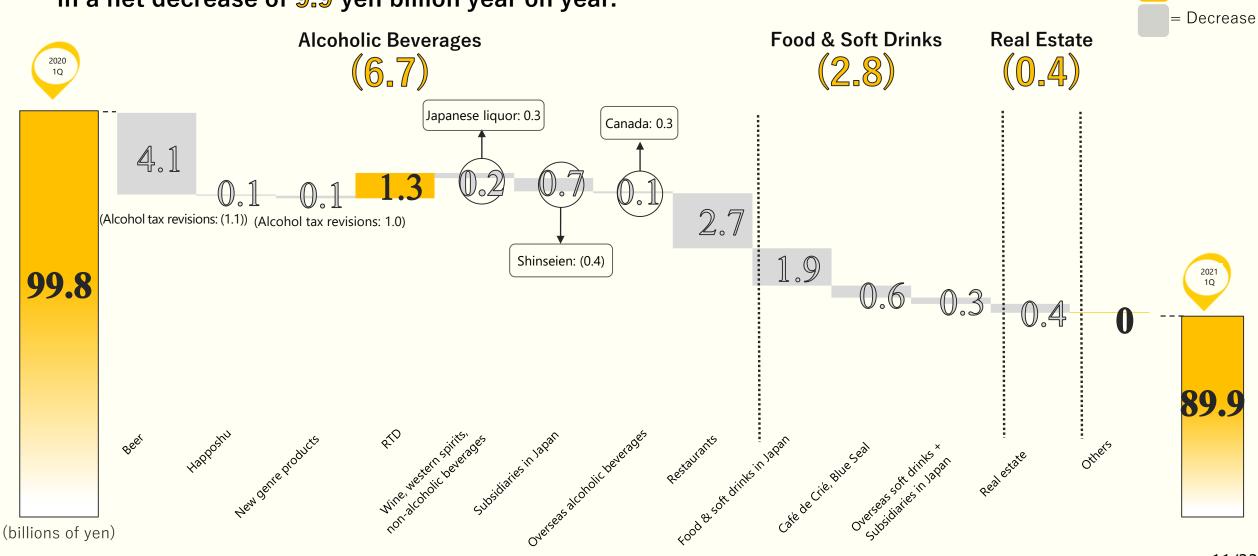
# **Revenue by Segment**



(billions of yen)	2020 1Q Result	2021 1Q Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)			
Revenue by Segment	99.8	89.9	(9.9)	(9.9%)			
Alcoholic Beverages	63.4	56.6	(6.7)	(10.6%)			
Japanese	48.6	44.7	(3.9)	(8.0%)			
Overseas	10.3	10.2	(0.1)	(1.0%)			
Restaurants	4.5	1.8	(2.7)	(60.4%)			
Food & Soft Drinks	30.3	27.6	(2.8)	(9.1%)			
Real Estate	6.1	5.6	(0.4)	(7.2%)			
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.0%			
Factors are explained in the next slide							

#### Main Contributors to Changes in Revenue

Revenue of RTD rose, but declined for beer, restaurants and soft drinks, resulting in a net decrease of 9.9 yen billion year on year.



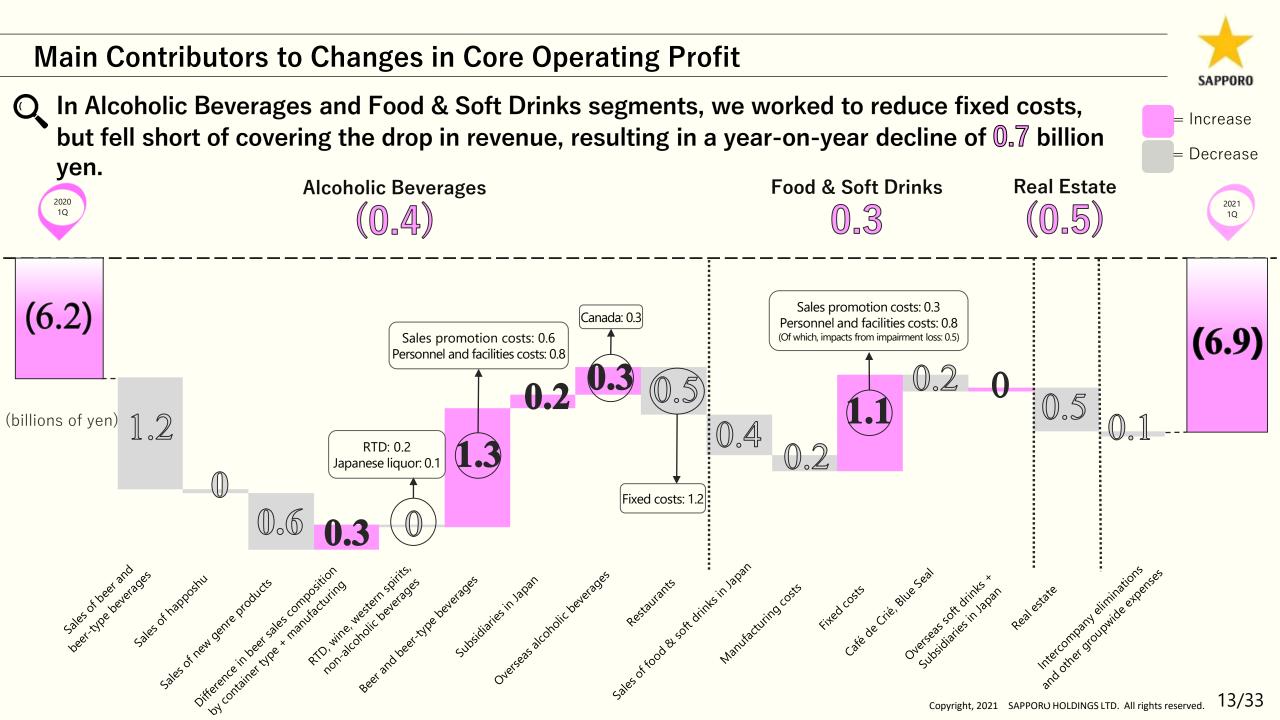
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= Increase

## **Core Operating Profit by Segment**



(billions of yen)	2020 1Q Result	2021 1Q Result	YoY changes (amount)	YoY changes (%)
Core Operating Profit by Segment	(6.2)	(6.9)	(0.7)	_
Alcoholic Beverages	(4.6)	(5.0)	((O.4)	_
Japanese	(2.9)	(3.0)	(0.1)	_
Overseas	(0.6)	(0.3)	0.3	_
Restaurants	(1.2)	(1.7)	(0.5)	_
Food & Soft Drinks	(1.4)	(1.1)	0.3	_
Real Estate	1.2	0.7	(0.5)	(40.0%)
Other • General corporate and intercompany eliminations	(!.4)	(1.5)	(0.1)	ained



# Profit attributable to owners of parent



(billions of yen)	2020 1Q Result	Details	2021 1Q Result	Details
Core operating Profit	(6.2)		(6.9)	
Other operating income	0.4		1.3	Proceeds from sale of real estate +0.9
Other operating expenses	0.2		0.6	
<b>Operating Profit</b>	(6.1)		(6.2)	
Profit before tax	(6.3)		(6.2)	
Income taxes	(1.6)		(1.0)	
Profit	(4.7)		(5.2)	
Loss attributable to non-controlling interest	(0.1)		(0.0)	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(4.6)		(5.2)	

# **Alcoholic Beverages**



Downtrodden conditions in commercial-use beer and the restaurant business due to COVID-19, while home-use beer and RTD products posted strong sales.

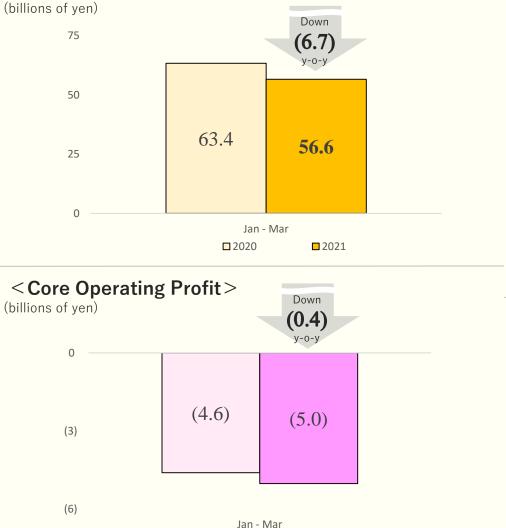
while nome-use beer and RTD products posted strong sales.

Progress with cost structure reforms in the restaurant business helped to slow the decrease in profits.

Positive

Negative

#### Revenue >



□ 2020 □ 2021

Canned beer sales were steady on rising demand for drinking at home.

- Sales of RTD Koime no Lemon Sour Can and RTS Koime no Lemon Sour no Moto were strong.
- > Sales volume of Sleeman in Canada rose yoy amid strong sales of Sleeman Clear.
- Cost structure reforms in the restaurant business helped to ease the extent of losses (closed 13 unprofitable outlets in 1Q).
- > Commercial-use beer and restaurants struggled.
- > New-genre beer saw weaker sales.
- Canned products sold briskly in the U.S. market, but sales of commercial-use beer were sluggish.

#### **Future initiatives**

- > Strengthen core brands in both beer and new-genre products.
- > Solidify RTD and RTS brands by linking together commercial-use and home-use products.
- > Bolster RTD sector, in addition to beer, in Canada's market.
- > Improve profitability in the North America and expand sales of new and revamped products.

# Food & Soft Drinks

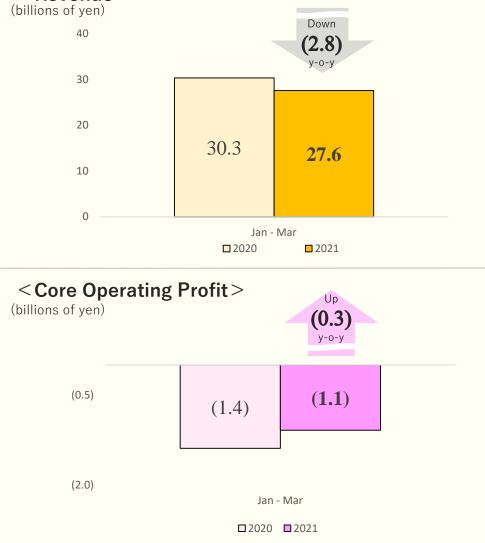


► Sales of soft drinks for vending machines and cafés struggled due to the pandemic.

Lemon-based products and plant-based milk products recorded strong sales.

Profit increased amid cost controls and a reduction in depreciation owing to the previous year's impairment.

<Revenue>



#### Positive

- > Marked strong sales of Pokka Lemon 100 and Kireto Lemon.
- > Plant-based milk products selling better than 2020 levels.

- Vending machine sales are stagnant.
- Restaurants struggled.

#### Future initiatives

Negative

- > Further expand the lemon-based product market and keep gaining market share
- > Enlarge plant-based milk product market and improve profitability.
- > Promote cost structure reforms and structural reform in the vending machine business.
- > Find new value propositions such as snacking foods\*.

\*Propose new style of eating: "more than a snack, but less than a meal"

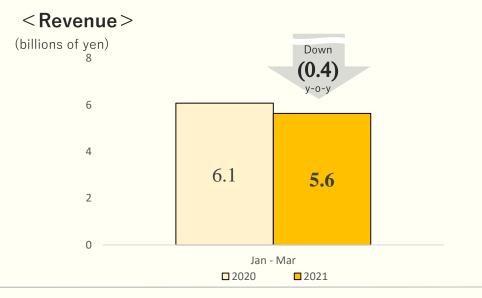
#### **Real Estate**



#### • Slight decline in revenue amid the impacts after some tenants left.

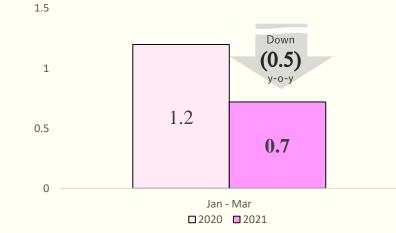
Positive

Negative



#### <Core Operating Profit>





- Decide on tenants for the food and lifestyle floor ahead of the remodeling of Yebisu Garden Place Tower (commercial wing).
- > Promote strategic reshuffling of properties.

- Declining occupancy rate of offices at Yebisu Garden Place Tower (average occupancy during the quarter under review: 90%)
- > Hotel business was somewhat affected by COVID-19.

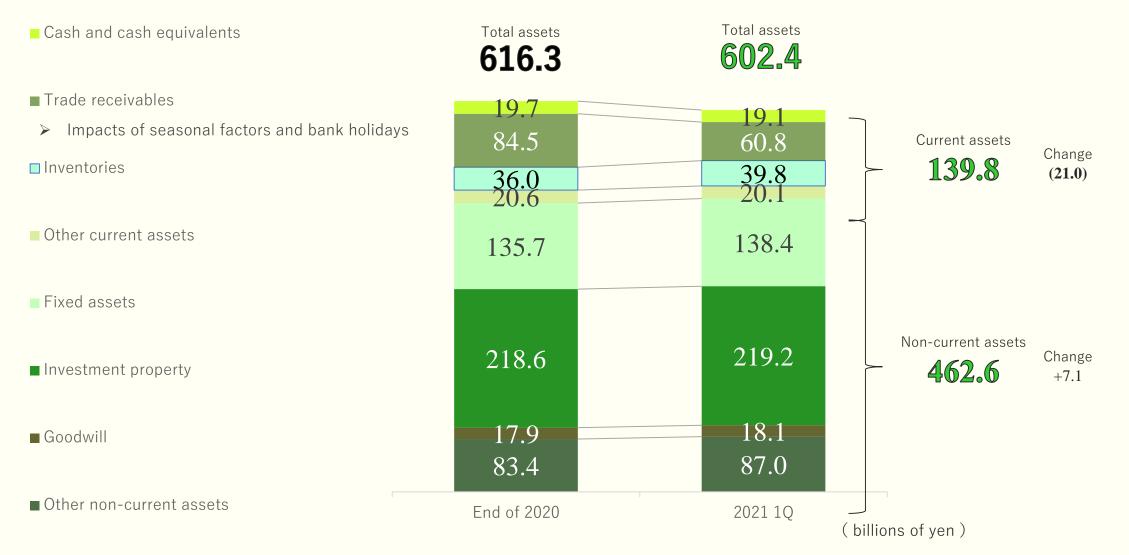
#### **Future initiatives**

- Steadily promote remodeling of Yebisu Garden Place Tower (commercial wing).
- > Strengthen leasing to increase occupancy rate of office area.
- > Improve capital efficiency by reshuffling the property portfolio.

#### **Changes in Balance Sheets**



#### • Total assets declined 13.9 billions yen YoY



#### **Changes in Balance Sheets**



#### • Total liabilities declined 10.0 billions yen YoY and total capital declined 3.9 billions yen YoY



### **Financial Status**

#### • Investment on a cash basis was ¥9.0 billion

(billions of yen)	2020 1Q Result	2021 1Q Result	Change	Change (%)
CF from operating activities	11.2	2.1	(9.1)	(81.4%)
CF from investing activities	(7.1)	(5.4)	1.6	_
Free CF	4.2	(3.3)	(7.5)	-
CF from financing activities	10.2	1.3	(8.8)	(86.8%)

<Consolidated cash flow (CF) statement>

#### (billions of yen) <Changes in amount of investment (cash basis)> 50.0 40.0 30.0 41.8 20.0 36.5 32.7 31.0 24.7 10.0 9.0 0.0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

# Second strength state (1+2+3) > $\frac{9.0}{2}$ billion

(Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investment property)

#### <Major items>

- Alcoholic Beverages: **¥1.6 billion** SB: **¥1.0** billion Sleeman **¥0.3** billion
- Food & Soft Drinks: ¥0.7 billion PS etc.
- Real Estate: **¥3.2 billion** Acquisition of investment property: ¥3.1 billion
- $\cdot$  Group-wide: **¥0.3 billion**

(excluding lease fees for renting restaurant premises)

(3) Other investments: ¥2.3 billion

(Invest in property's equity etc.)



# Appendix

#### Appendix : Major sales volume & sale

(Beer and beer-type beverages and non-alcoholic beer calculations based on large bottles, RTDs are calculated by 250 ml  $\times$  24 bottles.)

#### Sales Volume:Beer (Japan)

#### (10,000 cases)

	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2020	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2021	YoY Change(%)
Sapporo Draft Beer Black Label (total)	-	_	(22.0%)
YEBISU (total)	—	_	(3.5%)
1 Beer (total)	-	—	(11.4%)
2 Happoshu (total)	-	—	(5.3%)
3 New genre beer products (total)	-	—	(11.2%)
Beer, happoshu, and new genre (total 1+2+3)	-	—	(11.1%)
RTD	174	260	49.5%
Non-alcoholic beer taste beverage	11	11	0.0%

Sa	ales Volume:Beer (International)			(10,000 cases)
		Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2020	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2021	YoY Change(%)
	Overseas brand (SLEEMAN, Anchor, etc.)	277	277	(0.1%)
	Sapporo brand	87	64	(26.4%)
	North America	364	340	(6.4%)
	Sapporo brand	34	41	17.7%
	Other areas	34	41	17.7%
	Total	398	381	(4.3%)

ales:Beer (Japan) *including liquor tax		(	billions of yen
	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2020	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2021	YoY Change(%)
Beer	27.5	23.4	(14.8%
Happoshu	1.4	1.4	(3.9%
New genre	10.9	10.8	(1.3%
Subtotal	39.8	35.6	(10.7%
Rebate subtracted from sales	(2.4)	(2.5)	
Total	37.5	33.1	(11.7%
les:Alcoholic Beverage (Japan)			billions of yen
	Jan. 1 -	Jan. 1 -	ΥοΥ

	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2020	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2021	YoY Change(%)
Domestic wines	0.9	0.8	(9.4%)
Imported wines	1.5	1.3	(14.7%)
Wine (total)	2.4	2.1	(12.8%)
Spirits and Shochu (total)	4.9	5.0	1.8%
Subtotal	7.3	7.1	(3.0%)
Rebate subtracted from sales	(1.4)	(1.4)	—
Total	6.0	5.7	(5.1%)

#### Sales:Food & Soft Drinks (Japan) 22

(billions of yen)

	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2020	Jan. 1 - Mar.31, 2021	YoY Change(%)
Soft Drinks	13.7	12.6	(7.7%)
Food (Lemon · Soups · Plant milk)	7.1	7.5	4.9%

X1: Following the agreement of the Brewers Association of Japan, the sales volume for the first half and end of the fiscal year shall be disclosed.

%2 : Pokka Sapporo is only domestic sales.

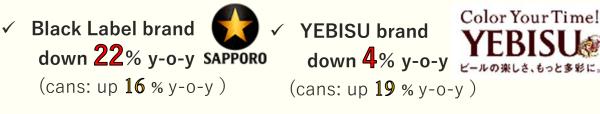




<Domestic beer and beer-type beverages: YoY change in sales volume by genre> (Jan – Mar)

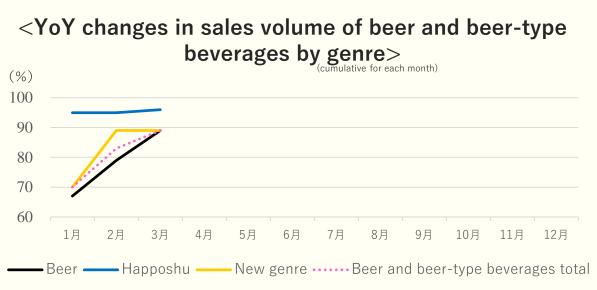
- [Beer and beer-type beverages total] down 11% YoY
- ✓ Beer: down 11% y-o-y
- ✓ Happoshu: down **4**% y-o-y
- ✓ New genre: down **11**% y-o-y

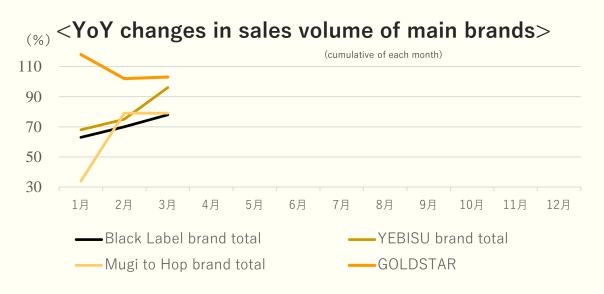
#### <Major domestic brands: YoY change in sales volume> (Jan – Mar)



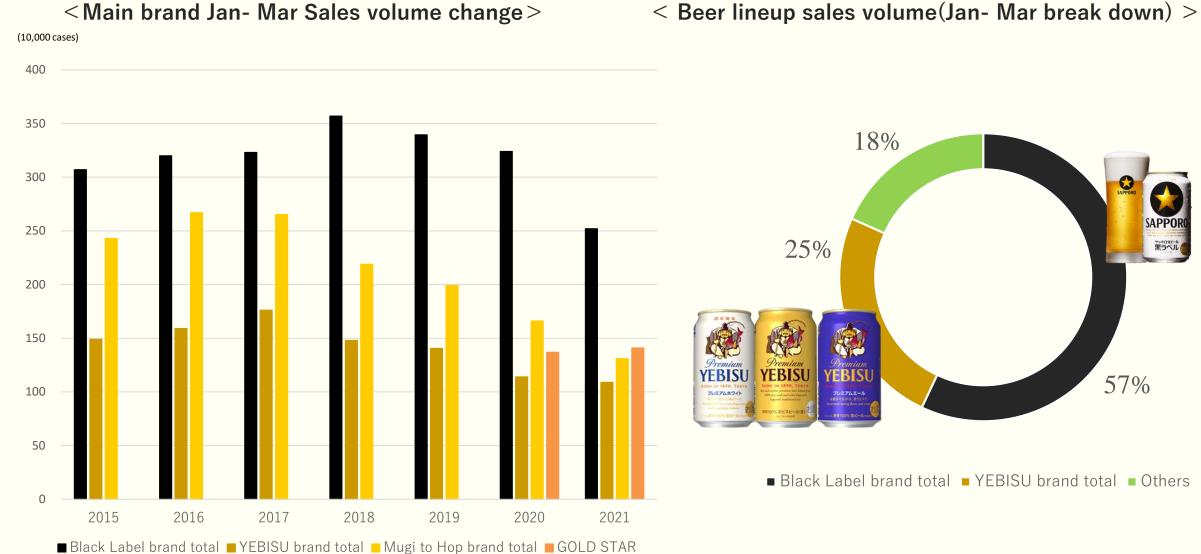
 ✓ Mugi to Hop brand down 21% y-o-y



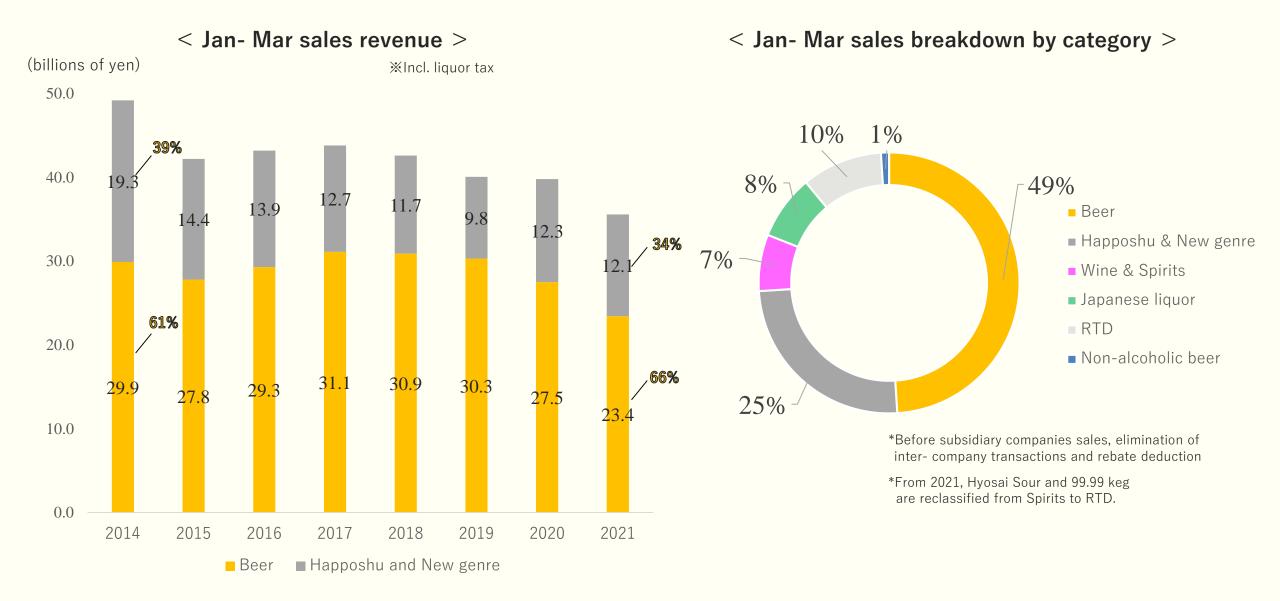












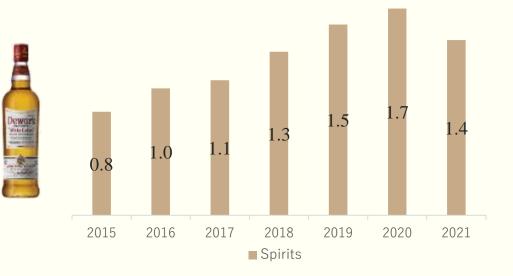


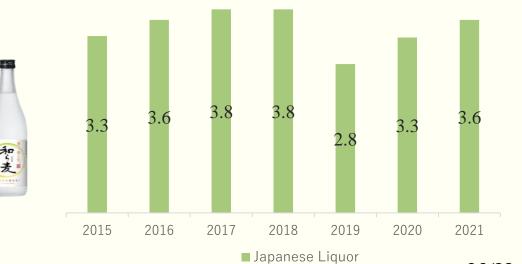






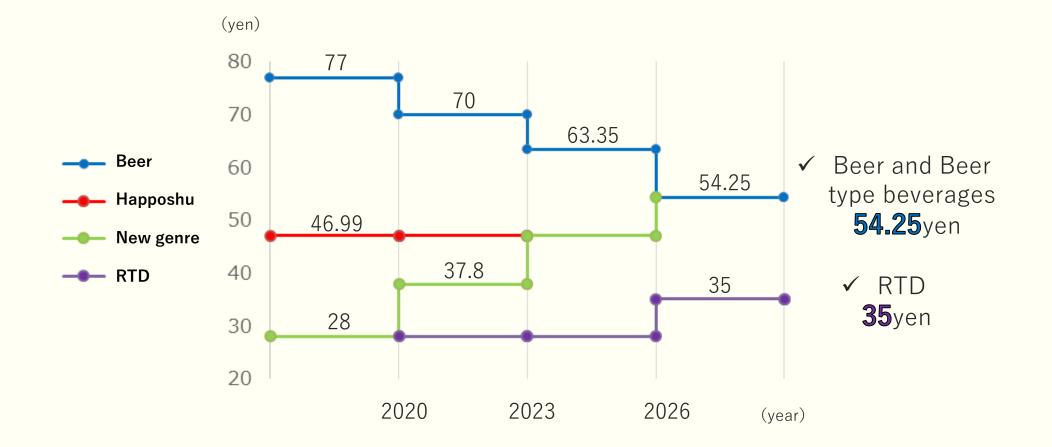






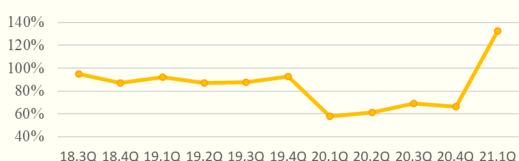
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< Changes in the amount of liquor tax per 350 ml >



### Appendix : Alcoholic Beverages (Overseas)



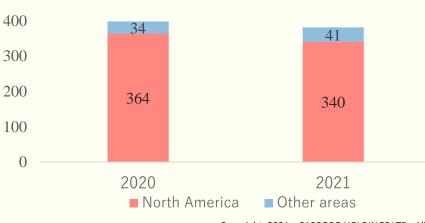


#### < Overseas sales volume by brand (Jan-Mar) >



#### < Overseas sales volume by Area (Jan-Mar) >

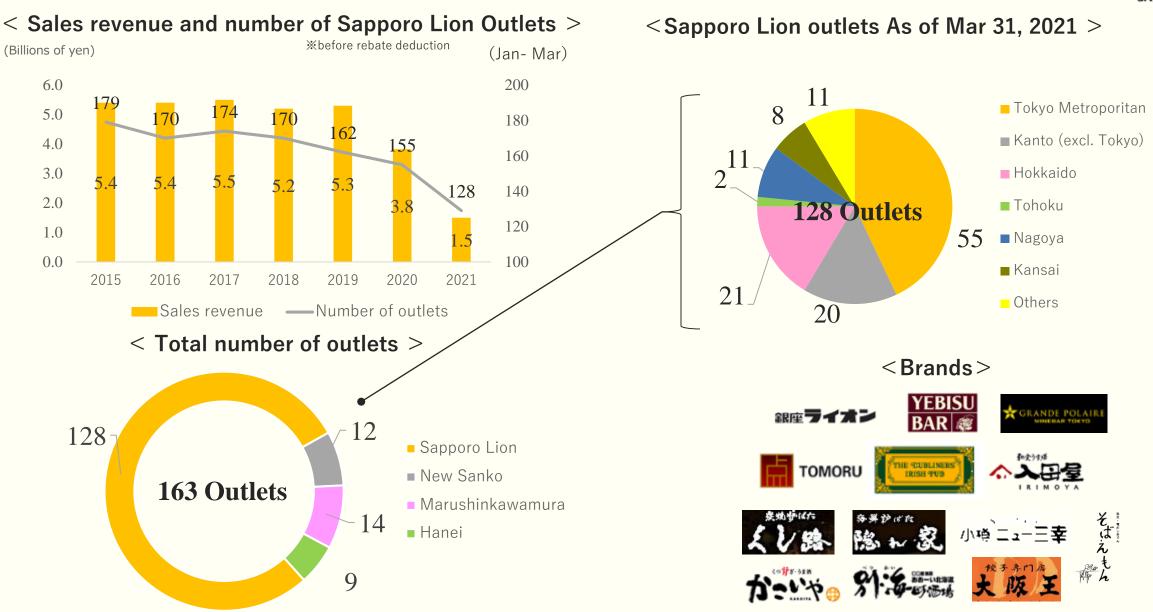




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#### **Appendix : Alcoholic Beverages (Restaurants)**



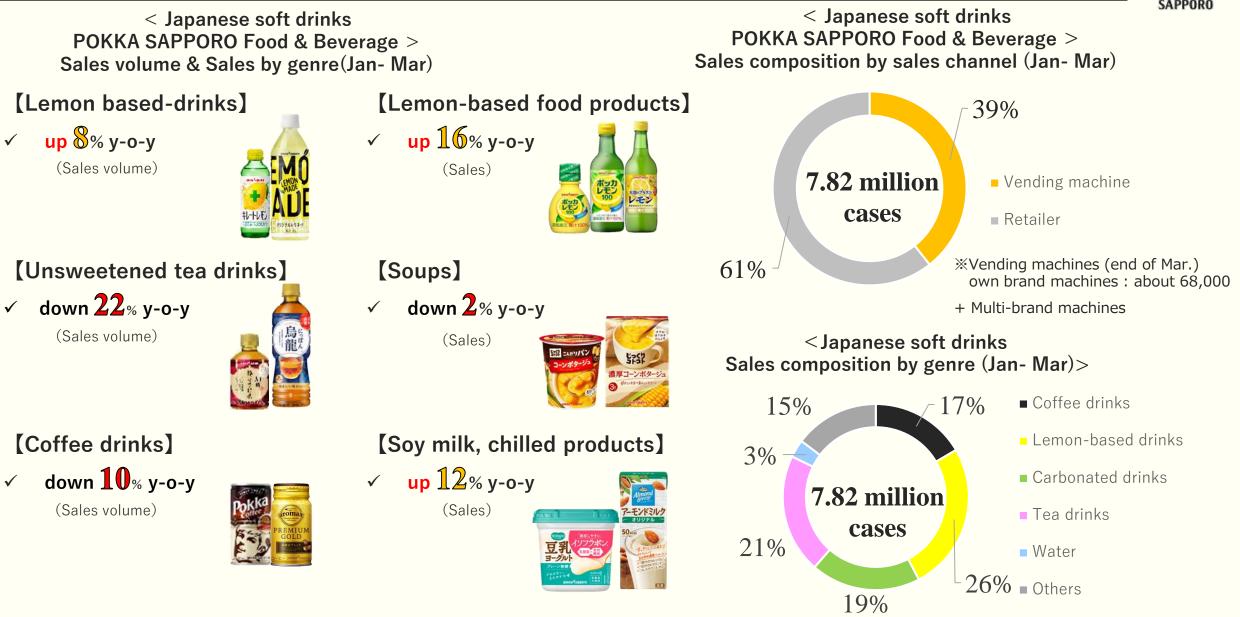


# Appendix : Food & Soft Drinks



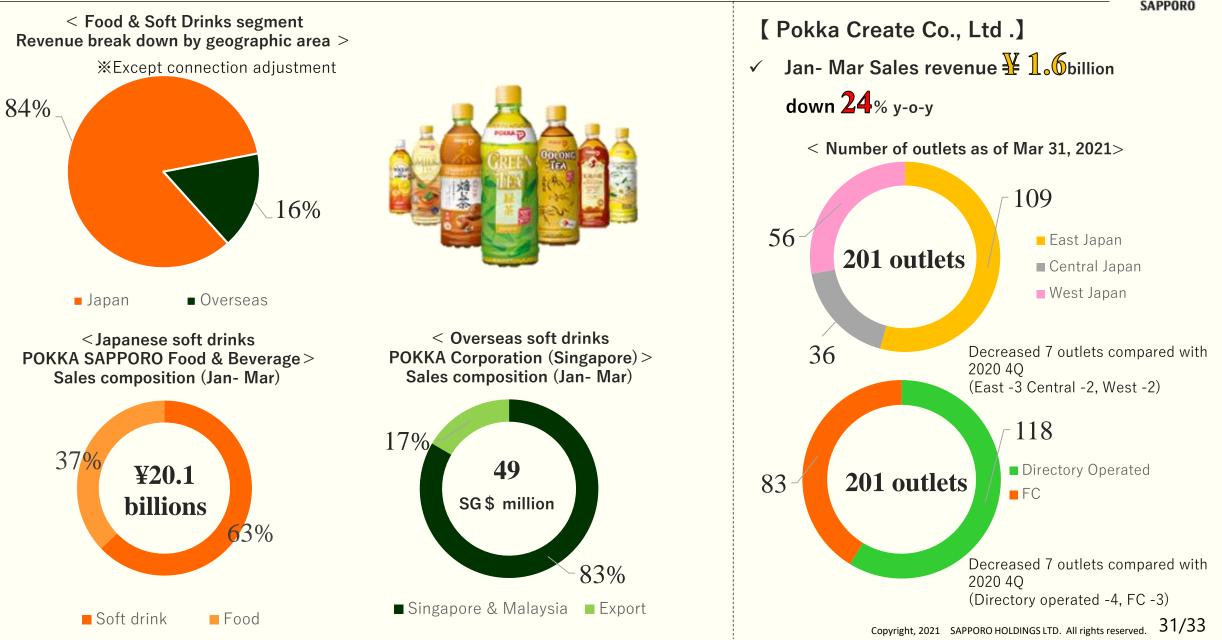
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## Appendix : Food & Soft Drinks





#### Appendix : Real Estate

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< Major rental properties & occupancy rates : (Averages for 2021 1Q)>

	Site area (㎡)	Floor area (m²)	Occupa ncy rate (%)	No. of floors
Yebisu Garden Place (1)	56,943	298,007	90	40 floors above ground, 5 below
Ebisu First Square	2,596	16,012	95	12 floors above ground, 1 below
Ginza Place	645	7,350	95	11 floors above ground, 2 below
Strata Ginza <sup>(2)</sup>	1,117	11,411	100	13 floors above ground, 1 below

\*1: The number of floors is for the office block only. Occupancy rates are for office areas only.

\*2: Figures are for entire property. Sapporo owns 922m<sup>2</sup> of the site (sectional ownership) and 89.72% of the building (joint management)

<core operating="" profit=""></core>	2020 1Q	2021 1Q	Change
Yebisu Garden Place, etc.	1.0	0.6	(0.4)
Other area & other operations	0.4	0.4	0.0
Hokkaido	0.0	0.0	0.0
General corporate	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.1)
Total	1.2	0.7	(0.5)

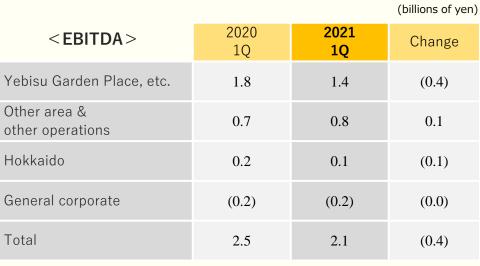
(billions	of	yen)	)

Total



< Information about

As of December 31, As of December 31, 2019 2020 Carrying value on the consolidated statement of financial position Fair value









# As an intrinsic part of people's lives, Sapporo will contribute to the evolution of creative, enriching and rewarding lifestyles.



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